

SPEED CONTROL OF FHP SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR USING THREE PHASE VSI INVERTER



INTRODUCTION:

The variable frequency drive for synchronous motor, has advantage over variable voltage such as, (1) to vary speed in stepless manner (2) to maintain constant torque/power (3) to run motor on slower/ higher speed than rated. The V.S.I. (voltage source inverter) drive is one method to obtain the variable frequency voltage to control speed/torque of Synchronous motor. In a salient pole synchronous motor, the permeance offered to a mmf wave is highest when it is adjusted with the field pole axis, called direct or, d - axis, and is lowest when it is oriented at quadrature (90°) to the field), called q - axis angle. The field winding in a salient pole motor is of concentrated type, the b wave produced by it is nearly sinusoidal because of the dumbbell shape. The power - angle 'Pe' characteristics of a salient pole synchronous motor

Features:

Motor		: Salient pole three phase FHP (60W/100V/phase)
		synchronous motor fitted on insulated frame with
		speed sensor
Bridge		: Three phase full bridge inverter comprising
		6VMOS fets (600V8A) with polarized snubber
	Transformer	: One transformers(fractional KVA) for isolation
	Frequency	
	Control	: Variable potentiometer (10-100hz)approx.
	Control	
	Circuitry	: Digital to generate three 120 degree displaced
		signal for power circuit.
	Voltage	
	source	: Variable using controlled chopping for constant
		V/F ratio.
	Display	: Digital display for speed
	Observation	: Sockets provided for reference wave, output
		voltage & current for study on CRO(isolated &
		attenuated).
	Circuit	
	Diagram	: Screen printed

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Speed control of FHP synchronous motor using three phase VSI Inverter. To observe current and voltage waveform at different frequency.

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SPEED TORQUE CHARACTERISTICSOF DC SERIES MOTOR IN OPEN/CLOSE LOOP USING IGBT/MOSFET



INTRODUCTION:

System employed for motion control in industrial or domestic applications like transportation, rolling mills, textile mills, pumps, fans etc are called drives. Such drives employing electric motors are known as electrical drives. The electrical drives has advantage of control over wide range of speed- torque characteristics and can be designed to meet wide range of power. Due to use of power semiconductors such as thyristors, IGBTs, power mosfets,GTOs these have high efficiency and can be employed in any environment. In present electrical drive, speed of a dc series motor is controlled by chopper .

Features:

Motor	or : DC series motor mounted upon iron frame with brake & pulley arrangement (1H.P.)	
Drive circuit	: Chopper (quad A)with duty cycle 10-90% drive based upon mosfet (600V/80A) or same rated IGBT with snubber circuit.	
Switch	: One to convert Open/Close loop drive (δ 0.4 to 0.6)	
Free wheeling		
Diode	: One 1200V/16A	
DC source	: DC source having power rectifier with smoothing filter, capacitor(high ripple rated)	
Display	: Digital display for volt & current	
Short circuit		
Protection	: In built	
Observation	: Sockets provided for gate pulse, load output voltage & current study on CRO.(isolated & attenuated).	
Indicator	: Overload, current limit & line	
Circuit		
Diagram	: Screen printed	
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with	

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To obtain speed torque characteristics of 1 H.P DC series motor in Open/close loop using IGBT/MOSFET(Chopper) To observe current and voltage waveform at different duty factors

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SPEED-TORQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF THREE PHASE FULLY CONTROLLED RECTIFIER FED SEPARATELY EXCITED DC MOTOR



INTRODUCTION:

System employed for motion control in industrial or domestic applications like transportation, rolling mills, textile mills, pumps, fans etc are called drives. Such drives employing electric motors are known as electrical drives. The electrical drives has advantage of control over wide range of speed- torque characteristics and can be designed to meet wide range of power. Due to use of power semiconductors such as thyristors, IGBTs, power mosfets, GTOs these have high efficiency and can be employed in any environment. In present electrical drive, speed of a dc separately excited motor is controlled by full controlled 3 phase thyristor bridge converter controlled thyristor bridge converter.

Features:

Motor	: DC separately excited motor mounted upon iron		
	frame with brake & pulley arrangement (1H.P.)		
Drive circuit	: Three phase full wave fully controlled bridge rectifier		
	(1600V/16A),		
Power Supply: Separate field supply with field failure protection &			
	indication.		
Firing angle			
Control	: Cosine firing angle control scheme with comparators		
	and flip flops.		
Isolation	: Pulse isolation using high frequency carrier pulse		
	transformers.		
Display	: Digital display for volt & current		
Short circuit			
Protection	: In built		
Observation	: Sockets provided for clock & flip flop , load output		
	voltage & current on CRO(isolated & attenuated).		
Indicator	: Overload, current limit & line		
Circuit			
Diagram	: Screen printed		
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with		
	main power cord		

EXPERIMENT COVERED

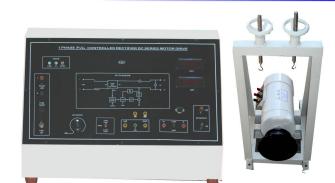
To draw speed-torque char. of Three phase Fully controlled rectifier fed 1 H.P separately excited DC motor at different firing angle To observe current & voltage waveform at different firing angles

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SPEED TORQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF DC SERIES MOTOR IN OPEN/CLOSE LOOP USING SINGLE PHASE CONVERTER



INTRODUCTION:

System employed for motion control in industrial or domestic applications like transportation, rolling mills, textile mills, pumps, fans etc are called drives. Such drives employing electric motors are known as electrical drives. The electrical drives has advantage of control over wide range of speed- torque characteristics and can be designed to meet wide range of power. Due to use of power semiconductors such as thyristors, IGBTs, power mosfets, GTOs these have high efficiency and can be employed in any environment. In present electrical drive, speed of a dc series motor is controlled by full controlled thyristor bridge converter.

Features:

realules.		
Motor	: DC series motor mounted upon iron frame with brake & pulley arrangement (1H.P.)	
Drive circuit	: Single phase full wave fully controlled bridge converter comprising of SCR (1600V/16A),	
Firing		
scheme	: Ramp & comparator firing angle control scheme	
Isolation	: Pulse isolation using high frequency carrier pulse transformers.	
Switch	: : One to convert Open/Close loop drive	
	Cos a(90 to 60 degree)	
Free wheeling		
Diode	: One 1200V/16A	
Display	: Digital display for volt & current	
Short circuit		
Protection	: In built	
Observation	: Sockets provided for control circuit	
	(min. 3 observation points), load output voltage & current CRO (isolated & attenuated).	
Indicator	: Overload, current limit & line	
Circuit		
Diagram	: Screen printed	
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied	
	along with main power cord.	

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To obtain speed torque characteristics of 1 H.P DC series motor in open/close loop using single phase converter To observe current & voltage waveform at different firing angles.

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SPEED TORQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF THREE PHASE VSI INVERTER FED FHP INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE



INTRODUCTION:

The V.S.I. (voltage source inverter) drive is one method to obtain the variable frequency voltage to control speed/torque of induction motor The three phase 'cage induction motor' of fraction HP, is used in this application. In these motors to set up the air gap flux, magnetic current must flow, as lagging the voltage by 120°. The movement of the rotation flux across the conductors induces a voltage in the 'short circuited closed cage' rotor winding, hence causing current flow. The interaction of the rotor currents and flux is to produce torque in the same direction as the rotating field. The rotor always rotate at a different speed, r', from the 'synchronous speed' for a given voltage, hence current and torque to be induced in the rotor.

Features:

r outur oo.	
Motor	: Squirrel cage three phase fractional H.P. (60W/230V/phase) induction motor mounted upon insulated frame with brake & pulley arrangement fitted on insulated board with speed sensor.
Drive circuit	: Three phase VSI inverter comprising 6 VMOS fets (600V/8A), with polarized snubbers.
Frequency	
Control : Variable potentiometer (10-100hz).	
Control	
Circuitry	: Digital to generate three 120 degree
	displaced reference signals for power circuit
Voltage	
source	: Variable using controlled rectification for constant V/F ratio.
Display	: Digital display for speed & voltage .
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference signals, drive signal,
	output voltage & current for study on CRO (isolated
	& attenuated)
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Speed torque char. of Three phase VSI inverter fed FHP induction motor drive and to observe current and voltage waveform at different frequency.

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SPEED TORQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF THREE PHASE CSI INVERTER FED FHP INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE



Features:

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Motor	: Squirrel cage three phase fractional H.P. (60W/230V/phase) induction motor mounted upon insulated frame with brake & pulley arrangement fitted on insulated board with
	speed sensor.
Drive circuit	: Three phase CSI inverter comprising six VMOS fets (600V/8A), with polarized snubbers.
Frequency	
Control	: Variable potentiometer (10-100hz) .
Control	
Circuitry	: Digital to generate three 120 degree
	displaced reference signals for power circuit
Current	
source	: Variable chopper controlled with inductor
Display	: Digital display for speed
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference signals, clock signal, output voltage & current for study on CRO (isolated & attenuated)
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied
	along with main power cord

INTRODUCTION:

The C.S.I. (Current source inverter) drive is one method to obtain the variable frequency voltage to control speed/torque of induction motor The three phase 'cage induction motor' of fraction HP, is used in this application. In these motors to set up the air gap flux, magnetic current must flow, as lagging the voltage by 120°. The movement of the rotation flux across the conductors induces a voltage in the 'short circuited closed cage' rotor winding, hence causing current flow. The interaction of the rotor currents and flux is to produce torque in the same direction as the rotating field. The rotor always rotate at a different speed, r', from the 'synchronous speed' for a given voltage, hence current and torque to be induced in the rotor.

EXPERIMENT COVERED

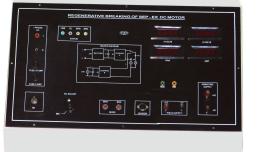
Speed torque char. of Three phase CSI inverter fed FHP induction motor drive and to observe current and voltage waveform at different frequency.

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REGENERATING AND BREAKING OF DC MOTOR USING TWO QUADRANT CHOPPER





INTRODUCTION:

Acceleration / deacceleration of dc motor required to meet the speed / torque demand or steady - state operation. The acceleration demand is fulfilled with controlled drives (in most case close - loop), and deacceleration complied with electrical or mechanical breaking. The breaking produce a torque in a direction to oppose the motion. The steady state operation is obtained at a speed for which breaking torque equals the load torque. The mechanical breaking has a number of disadvantages , frequent maintenance and replace-ment of breaking shoes, lower life and energy wasted in heat. These disadvantages overcome by the use of electrical breaking in which motor is made to work as a generator, converting mechanical power into electrical energy, producing counter torque in a direction oppose the motion. This type of breaking called 'regenerative breaking'.

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Regenerating and Breaking of DC motor using two Quadrant chopper with active load and to draw negative speed torque curve

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Features:		
Motor	: DC separately excited motor mounted upon iron frame with active load in form of fly wheel (1H.P.)	
DC source	: DC source having power rectifier with smoothing filter, capacitor(high ripple rated)	
Drive circuit	: Chopper (quad A) drive based upon mosfet (600V/80A) and Second chopper (quad B) drive based upon mosfet (600V/80A) or same rated IGBT with snubber circuit.	
Duty cycle	: One chopper at 10-90% and other having proportional to speed to regenerate constant power(close loop)	
Switches	: Two to operate motoring (mode A) or breaking (mode B)	
Free wheeling		
Diode	: Two 1200V/16A	
Indicator	: Overload protection	
Load	: Lamp 3x100W	
Display	: Four separate for volt (V),current (I) ,RPM(N), regenerated voltage (E)	
Diagram	: Screen printed	
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main power cord	



SINGLE PHASE HALF CONTROLLED BRIDGE RECTIFIER FED DC SERIES MOTOR



INTRODUCTION:

System employed for motion control in industrial or domestic applications like transportation, rolling mills, textile mills, pumps, fans etc are called drives. Such drives employing electric motors are known as electrical drives. The electrical drives has advantage of control over wide range of speed- torque characteristics and can be designed to meet wide range of power. Due to use of power semiconductors such as thyristors, IGBTs, power mosfets, GTOs these have high efficiency and can be employed in any environment. In present electrical drive, speed of a dc series motor is controlled by full controlled thyristor bridge converter.

• Features:

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Motor	: DC series motor mounted upon iron frame with brake & pulley arrangement (1H.P.)	
Drive circuit	: Single phase half controlled bridge converter comprising of SCR (1600V/16A),	
Firing		
scheme	: Ramp & comparator firing angle control scheme	
Isolation	: Pulse isolation using high frequency carrier	
	pulse transformers.	
Switch	: One to convert Open/Close loop drive	
	Cos α (90 to 60 degree)	
Free wheeling		
Diode	: One 1200V/16A	
Display	: Digital display for volt & current	
Short circuit		
Protection	: In built	
Observation	: Sockets provided for control circuit	
	(min. 3 observation points), load output voltage &	
	current CRO	
Indicator	: Overload ,current limit & line	
Circuit		
Diagram	: Screen printed	
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main power cord.	

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To obtain speed torque characteristics of 1 H.P DC series motor in open/close loop using single phase half controlled bridge rectifier To observe current & voltage waveform at different firing angles.

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SED2108 TO CONTROL SPEED OF FHP SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR USING 3 PHASE CYCLOCONVERTER



INTRODUCTION:

The given drive works upon live ac source which provide ac supplies to the fractional H.P synchronous motor through converters configurrated as half bridge cycloconverter. The complete system is block printed upon the panel. The frequency control is made continuously variable from > 25Hz down to 6 Hz approx to understand drive principle.Here an oscillator generates three low frequency reference signals A,B,C which are 120° displaced from each other. These reference signal are compared with cosine modulating signals derived from three step down transformers. Each comparator gives an output which has position modulated with reference input.

Features:

routuroo.	
Motor	 Salient pole three phase fractional H.P. (60W/100V/phase) synchronous motor fitted on insulated frame with speed sensor
Bridge	: Three phase half bridge cylcoconverter comprising 18 SCR's (600V/12A),
Transformers	: Three step down transformers(fractional KVA) in star-delta formation.
Frequency	
Control	: Variable potentiometer 6-16hz(< 6 to >16Hz)
Modulation	: Cosine wave
Control	
Circuitry	: Based on precision comparators.
Pulse Gating	: High frequency carrier gated pulse isolation
	for thyristors.
Reference	
Signal	: Three low frequency reference signals (sine) generator.
Display	: Digital display for speed
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference wave, output voltage
	& current for study on CRO(isolated & attenuated)
Circuit	
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To control speed of FHP synchronous motor using 3 phase cycloconverter To observe voltage & current waveforms of three phase cylcoconverter.

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION:

Motor Specification

Туре	:DC separately excited motor	
Rating	: 1HP	
RPM	:1500	
SCR Rating	:SCR TYN616, 600V/16A	
Diode Rating	:6A10, 1000V/6A	
Firing Angle Control	:30° to 180°	
Meters Used		
DC Voltmeter	:300VDC digital	
Ammeter	:5A digital	
Single Phase MCB	: DP 32A	

FEATURES:

Provided with DC Motor Single Phase low voltage Supply for gate circuit Single Phase Firing Circuit provided with pulse isolation Test terminals provided to analyze the waveforms Designed by considering all the safety precautions Diagrammatic representation of circuits Fully isolated & Attenuated observation points for observation on conventional CRO. Ramp comparator firing circuit with observation points at each block output

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Study of Ramp Comparator firing circuit for drive Study of single phase bridge converter drive

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION:

Motor Specification

Туре	:DC Shunt Motor	
Rating	: 1HP	
RPM	:1500	
SCR Rating	:SCR TYN616, 600V 16A	
Diode Rating	:6A10, 1000V/6A	
Firing Angle		
Control	:30° to 180°	
Meter Used		
DC Voltmeter	:300VDC	
Ammeter	: 5ASingle Phase	
MCB	:2A (SPN)	

FEATURES:

Provided with DC Motor Single Phase low voltage Supply for gate circuit Single Phase Firing Circuit provided with pulse isolation Test terminals provided to analyze the waveforms Designed by considering all the safety precautions Diagrammatic representation of circuits Fully isolated & Attenuated observation points for observation on conventional CRO. Ramp comparator firing circuit with observation points at each block output

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Study of Ramp Comparator firing circuit for drive Study of single phase half converter drive

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SED2111 SINGLE PHASE AC MOTOR CONTROL DRIVE **BY ANTI PARALLEL SCR & DIAC TRIAC**





FEATURES:

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION:

Machine Type	:Single phase Squirrel Cage	
	Induction Motor	Test terminals provided to analyze the waveforms
Rated Power	:0.25HP	Designed by considering all the safety precautions
Rated Voltage	: 220V AC	Diagrammatic representation of circuits
MachineType	:Single phase induction	Isolated UJT trigger circuit with pulse transformer
	capacitor run motor	to trigger anti-parallel thyristors.
SCR Rating	:SCR TYN616, 600V/16A	DIAC-TRIAC phase control circuit with
TRIAC Rating	:BT139, 600V/10A	potentiometers
DIAC Rating	:Db3	Fully isolated & Attenuated observation points for
Firing Angle Control	:30° to 150°	observation on conventional CRO.
Meters Used		Ramp comparator firing circuit with observation
AC Voltmeter	:Digital	points at each block output
MCB	:DP 32A	

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Study of 1 phase AC motor control drive by antiparallel SCR Study of 1 phase AC motor control drive by DIAC-TRIAC configuration.

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SPEED TORQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF SEPARATELY EXCITED DC SERIES MOTOR USING CHOPPER



INTRODUCTION:

System employed for motion control in industrial or domestic applications like transportation, rolling mills, textile mills, pumps, fans etc are called drives. Such drives employing electric motors are known as electrical drives. The electrical drives has advantage of control over wide range of speed- torque characteristics and can be designed to meet wide range of power. Due to use of power semiconductors such as thyristors, IGBTs, power mosfets,GTOs these have high efficiency and can be employed in any environment. In present electrical drive, speed of a dc series motor is controlled by chopper .

Features:

Motor	: DC separately excited motor mounted upon iron
	frame with brake & pulley arrangement (1H.P.)
Drive circuit	: Chopper (quad A)with duty cycle 10-90% drive based
	upon mosfet (600V/80A) or same rated IGBT with
	snubber circuit.
Field supply	: Unregulated 200V DC
Free wheeling	
Diode	: One 1200V/16A
DC source	: DC source having power rectifier with smoothing
	filter, capacitor(high ripple rated)
Display	: Digital display for volt & current
Short circuit	
Protection	: In built
Observation	: Sockets provided for gate pulse, load output
	voltage & current study on CRO.
Indicator	: Overload, current limit, field fail & line
Circuit	
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To obtain speed torque characteristics of 1 H.P separately DC motor using IGBT/MOSFET(Chopper) To observe current and voltage waveform at different duty factors

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SINGLE PHASE VSI INVERTER FED FHP INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE



INTRODUCTION:

The V.S.I. (voltage source inverter) drive is one method to obtain the variable frequency voltage to control speed/torque of induction motor. The single phase 'cage induction motor' of fraction HP, is used in this application. In these motors to set up the air gap flux, magnetic current must flow, as lagging the voltage by 90° . The movement of the rotation flux across the conductors induces a voltage in the 'short circuited closed cage' rotor winding, hence causing current flow. The interaction of the rotor currents and flux is to produce torque in the same direction as the rotating field. The rotor always rotate at a different speed, r', from the 'synchronous speed' for a given voltage, hence current and torque to be induced in the rotor.

Features:

Motor	: Squirrel cage single phase fractional H.P.
	(60W/230V) induction motor mounted
	upon insulated frame
Drive circuit	: Single phase VSI inverter comprising four
	VMOS fets (600V/8A), with polarized snubbers.
Isolation	
transformers	s: One
Frequency	
Control	: Variable potentiometer (10-100hz) approx.
Control	
Circuitry	: Digital to generate control signals for power circuit
Voltage	
Source	: Variable using controlled rectification for
	constant V/F ratio.
Display	: Digital display for speed & voltage .
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference signals, drive signal,
	output voltage & current for study on CRO.
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main
	power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Speed control characteristics of Single phase VSI inverter fed FHP induction motor drive and to observe current and voltage waveform at different frequency.

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SINGLE PHASE CSI INVERTER FED FHP INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE



INTRODUCTION:

The C.S.I. (current source inverter) drive is one method to obtain the variable frequency voltage to control speed/torque of induction motor The single phase 'cage induction motor' of fraction HP, is used in this application. In these motors to set up the air gap flux, magnetic current must flow, as lagging the voltage by 90°. The movement of the rotation flux across the conductors induces a voltage in the 'short circuited closed cage' rotor winding, hence causing current flow. The interaction of the rotor currents and flux is to produce torgue in the same direction as the rotating field. The rotor always rotate at a different speed, r', from the 'synchronous speed' for a given voltage, hence current and torque to be induced in the rotor.

Features:

Motor	: Squirrel cage single phase fractional H.P.
	(60W/230V) induction motor mounted
	upon insulated frame
Drive circuit	: Single phase CSI inverter comprising four
	VMOS fets (600V/8A), with polarized snubbers.
Isolation	
transformers	: One
Frequency	
Control	: Variable potentiometer (10-100hz) approx.
Control	
Circuitry	: Digital to generate control signals for power circuit
Current	
source	: Variable chopper controlled with inductor
Display	: Digital display for speed & current .
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference signals, drive signal,
	output voltage & current for study on CRO.
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied
	along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Speed control characteristics of Single phase CSI inverter fed FHP induction motor drive and to observe current and voltage waveform at different frequency.

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HALF WAVE CYCLCOCONVERTER FED THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR



INTRODUCTION:

The given drive works upon live ac source which provide ac supplies to the fractional H.P synchronous motor through converters configurated as half bridge cycloconverter. The complete system is block printed upon the panel. The frequency control is made continuously variable from > 16Hz down to 6 Hz approx to understand drive principle. Here an oscillator generates three low frequency reference signals A,B,C which are 120° displaced from each other. These reference signal are compared with cosine modulating signals derived from three step down transformers. Each comparator gives an output which has position modulated with reference input.

Features:

r cutures.	
Motor	: Squirrel cage three phase fractional H.P. (60W/230V) induction motor mounted upon insulated frame with brake & pulley arrangement fitted on insulated board with speed sensor.
Bridge	: Three phase half bridge cylcoconverter comprising 18 SCR's (600V/12A),
Transformers	s: Three step down transformers(fractional KVA) in star-delta formation.
Frequency	
Control	: Variable potentiometer (6-16hz)approx.
Modulation	: Cosine wave
Control	
Circuitry	: Based on precision comparators.
-	: High frequency carrier gated pulse isolation
-	for thyristors.
Reference	
Signal	: Three low frequency reference signals (sine) generator.
Display	: Digital display for speed
	: Sockets provided for reference wave, output voltage
	& current for study on CRO(isolated & attenuated).
Circuit	
Diagram	: Screen printed
-	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied
	along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To study speed torque characteristics of FHP three phase induction motor using 3 phase half wave cycloconverter.

Photographs are for reference only final product may vary from it

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SED2118 THREE PHASE CSI INVERTER FED FHP SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVE



INTRODUCTION:

The C.S.I. (voltage source inverter) drive is one method to obtain the variable frequency voltage to control speed/torque of induction motor The three phase 'cage induction motor' of fraction HP, is used in this application. In these motors to set up the air gap flux, magnetic current must flow, as lagging the voltage by 120°. The movement of the rotation flux across the conductors induces a voltage in the 'short circuited closed cage' rotor winding, hence causing current flow. The interaction of the rotor currents and flux is to produce torque in the same direction as the rotating field. The rotor always rotate at a different speed, r', from the 'synchronous speed' for a given voltage, hence current and torque to be induced in the rotor.

• Features:

Motor	: Salient pole three phase FHP (60W/100V/phase)
	synchronous motor fitted on insulated frame
Drive circuit	: Three phase CSI inverter comprising 6 VMOS fets
	(600V/8A), with polarized snubbers.
Inductor	: One 600mH/3A
Transformers	s: One (fractional KVA) for dc supply
Frequency	
Control	: Variable potentiometer (10-100hz) approx .
Control	
Circuitry	: Digital to generate three 120 degree
	displaced reference signals for power circuit
Current	
source	: Variable using controlled rectification for constant current
Display	: Digital display for speed
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference signals, drive signal, output voltage & current for study on CRO.
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main
	power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Speed control characteristics of Three phase CSI inverter fed FHP synchronous motor drive and to observe current and voltage waveform at different frequency.

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SED2119 SINGLE PHASE CYLCOCONVERTER PM SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR (SELF CONTORLLED SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVE)



INTRODUCTION:

The given drive works upon live ac source which provide ac supplies to the fractional H.P PM synchronous motor through dual converter configurated as bridge cycloconverter. The complete system is block printed upon the panel. The mode control selector which select the frequency f1, f2 and f3, as fundamental, half of it f/2 and half of f/2 equal to f/4. This way a comparison can be made between freq and torque.A cycloconverter oftenly called as 'cycle converter' changes the frequency of a single (or three phase) alternating power source without an intermediate ac to dc conversion stage. A cycloconverter require multiple control device of a single or three phase excitation, and are limited to low output frequency only.

Features:

Motor	: Single phase fractional H.P. permanent
	magnet (60W/220V/60RPM/50Hz) synchronous
	motor fitted on insulated frame with brake & pulley
	arrangement fitted with speed sensor.
Bridge	: Single phase full bridge cylcoconverter
	comprising 8 SCR's (600V/12A) ,
Transformer	s : Step down transformer (fractional KVA)
Frequency	
Control	: 1/2,1/3,1/4
Control	
Circuitry	: Based on microcontroller
Pulse Gating	I : High frequency carrier gated pulse isolation
	for thyristors.
Display	: Digital display for speed
Observation	: Sockets provided for reference wave, output voltage
	& current for study on CRO.
Circuit	
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied
	along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

To study speed torque characteristics of FHP single phase PM type synchronous motor using single phase full wave bridge cycloconverter.

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AC DYNAMIC BRAKING(RHEOSTATIC) of 3-PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR



INTRODUCTION:

Acceleration / deacceleration of dc motor required to meet the speed / torque demand or steady - state operation. The acceleration demand is fulfilled with controlled drives (in most case close - loop), and deacceleration complied with electrical or mechanical breaking. The breaking produce a torque in a direction to oppose the motion. The steady state operation is obtained at a speed for which breaking torque equals the load torque. The mechanical breaking has a number of disadvantages, frequent maintenance and replace-ment of breaking shoes, lower life and energy wasted in heat. These disadvantages overcome by the use of electrical breaking in which motor is made to work as a generator, converting mechanical power into electrical energy, producing counter torque in a direction oppose the motion. This type of breaking called 'regenerative breaking'.

Features:

Motor	: Three phase slip ring induction motor fitted upon
	channel with flywheel
Motoring &	
Breaking	: Using two keys ,six relays
	Breaking in single & two wire system
Starter	: Rheostatic (4 steps) to run & breaking of motor
Display	: one for current
Circuit	
Diagram	: Screen printed
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

AC DYNAMIC BRAKING(RHEOTSTAIC) of 3-PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR One wire breaking system Two wire breaking system

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SPEED CONTROL OF UNIVRESAL MOTOR USING MICROCONTROLLER



INTRODUCTION:

The power control circuitry is given upon the front (top) panel and sockets are given to observe the motor voltage and current waveforms. Since it is a line operated unit thus isolation is provided by small transformer at the observation points. This demonstration unit use the small universal motor 220V, rated 60W.

Features:	
Motor	: Universal motor fractional HP(60W)
Triac	: One in power circuit to control motor voltage
Interface	: Through Microcontroller kit via FRC (connected with
	port of mC kit) and 9 pin din socket with kit.
Speed	
Control	: Through up-down keys
Triggering	: In synchronism of input frequency.
Pulse	
transformer	: One (1:1) for isolation
Display	: LCD for speed & voltage
Power supply	y: Short circuit & overload protected
Mains	: 230V/50Hz AC
Instruction	
manual	: One
Observation	: Sockets provided for sync & gate pulse(B)
Patch cords	: Necessary to perform expt. Supplied
	along with main power cord

EXPERIMENT COVERED

Speed control of Universal Motor using Microcontroller

Photographs are for reference only final product may vary from it

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